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**CHAPTER 35: PROGRAM OF ALL-INCLUSIVE CARE FOR THE ELDERLY**

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**BENEFICIARY RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES**

Beneficiaries have specific rights and responsibilities that accompany eligibility and participation in the Medicaid programs. The Office of Aging and Adult Services (OAAS), or its designee, and the Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE) providers must assist beneficiaries in exercising their rights and responsibilities. PACE providers must assure that applicants and beneficiaries understand their available choices and the consequences of those choices. PACE providers are bound by their provider agreement with Medicaid to adhere to the following policies on beneficiary rights.

Each individual who requests PACE has the option to designate a responsible representative to assist or act on his/her behalf in the process of accessing and/or maintaining PACE services. The beneficiary has the right to change his/her responsible representative at any time. The responsible representative may not concurrently serve as a responsible representative for more than two beneficiaries in a Medicaid home and community-based services program that is operated by the OAAS (unless an exception is granted by OAAS), which programs include, but are not limited to:

1. PACE;
2. Long term-personal care services (LT-PCS);
3. Community Choices Waiver (CCW); and
4. Adult Day Health Care (ADHC) Waiver.

**Rights and Responsibilities Form**

OAAS, or its designee, is responsible for reviewing the beneficiary's rights and responsibilities with the beneficiary and/or his/her personal representative as part of the initial intake process and at least annually thereafter. (See Appendix A for information on accessing the *Office of Aging and Adult Services (OAAS) Rights and Responsibilities for LT-PCS Applicants/Participants* form.)

**Freedom of Choice of Providers**

Beneficiaries have the freedom of choice (FOC) to select their health care providers from within the PACE network. When the beneficiary chooses a primary care provider (PCP), or chooses to change PCP, the beneficiary must contact PACE.

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**Changing Providers**

By choosing PACE as their provider, the beneficiary has exercised their FOC. Aside from the PCP, beneficiaries will receive all other services through the PACE program provider network.

**Participation in Care**

Each beneficiary must participate in the assessment and person-centered planning meetings with the appropriate PACE staff and in any other meeting involving decisions about services and supports to be provided. Person-centered planning will be utilized in developing all services and supports to meet the beneficiary's needs. By taking an active part in planning their services, the beneficiary is better able to utilize the available supports and services. The beneficiary is expected to participate in the planning process to the best of the beneficiary's ability so that services are delivered according to the approved person-centered plan of care (POC).

**Voluntary Participation**

Beneficiaries have the right to end their PACE services. If a beneficiary decides to no longer participate in the PACE program, the beneficiary shall notify PACE at least 30 days prior to the planned disenrollment date.

**Quality of Care**

Each PACE beneficiary has the right to be treated with dignity and respect and receive humane care and services from PACE providers and their contractors who have been trained and are qualified to provide care and services. In addition, PACE providers and their contractors are required to maintain privacy and confidentiality in all interactions related to the beneficiary's services.

Beneficiaries have the right to be free from harm and abuse (mental, physical, or emotional abuse, neglect, excessive medication, involuntary seclusion, coercion, and any physical or chemical restraint imposed for discipline purposes or convenience and not required to treat the beneficiary's medical symptoms).

In cases where services are not delivered according to the approved POC, or there are allegations of abuse, neglect, exploitation, or extortion, the beneficiary must follow the reporting procedures and inform the provider and the appropriate authorities.

Beneficiaries, providers, and contractors must cooperate in the investigation and resolution of reported incidents/complaints.

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**Civil Rights**

PACE providers must operate in accordance with Title VI and VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, with the Vietnam Veterans Readjustment Act of 1974, and with all requirements imposed by or pursuant to the regulations of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. This means that individuals are accepted and that all services and facilities are available to persons without regard to race, ethnicity, color, religion, age, sex, national origin, sexual orientation, mental or physical disability, and/or source of payment. Beneficiaries have the responsibility to cooperate with their PACE provider and PACE contractors by not requesting services that in any way violate these laws.

**Notification of Changes**

The Bureau of Health Services Financing (BHSF) is responsible for determining financial eligibility for PACE beneficiaries. In order to maintain eligibility, beneficiaries and providers have the responsibility to inform BHSF of changes in the beneficiary's income, resources, address, and living situation.

OAAS or its designee is responsible for approving level of care and medical certification. Beneficiaries and their providers have the responsibility to inform OAAS, or its designee, of any changes which affect programmatic eligibility requirements, including changes in level of care.

**Grievances/Complaints**

The beneficiary has a responsibility to bring problems to the attention of PACE providers or OAAS, or its designee, and to file a grievance/complaint without fear of restraint, retribution, retaliation, interference, coercion, discrimination, or discharge.

PACE providers must have grievance procedures through which beneficiaries may voice complaints regarding the supports or services that they receive and the quality of the care provided.

Beneficiaries must be provided a copy of the grievance procedures, upon admission into the PACE program and annually thereafter.

**Fair Hearings**

Beneficiaries must be advised of their rights to appeal any action or decision resulting in non-coverage of services, non-payment of services, and denials, reductions, or termination of services.

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Beneficiaries have the right to an appeal/fair hearing through the PACE organization. If the appeal is not resolved through the PACE hearing process, additional appeal rights under Medicare or Medicaid are available to the beneficiary. A Medicaid-eligible beneficiary then has the right to a fair hearing through the Division of Administrative Law.

Beneficiaries must be provided a copy of the fair hearing procedures upon admission into the PACE program, at least annually, and whenever the interdisciplinary team denies a request for services or payment. A PACE organization must also inform a participant, in writing, of additional appeal rights available under Medicare or Medicaid if an appeal/fair hearing is not resolved through the PACE hearing process.